

A *pretty-printer* converts tree structured data (eg. XML documents, syntax trees) into a nicely formatted string

- should support describing alternative layouts
- choosing an optimal layout given the line width
- be efficient

Literature



D. C. Oppen

“Prettyprinting”



J. Hughes

“The Design of a Pretty-printing Library”



P. Wadler

“A prettier printer”

Intuition (Oppen)

Given the stream of characters

```
| var x:integer; y:char; begin x:=1; y:='a'; end
```

Intuition (Oppen)

Given the stream of characters

```
var x:integer; y:char; begin x:=1; y:='a'; end
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For line width of 40, we might want

```
var x:integer; y:char;  
begin x:=1; y:='a'; end
```

OR

```
var x:integer;  
    y:char;  
begin  
    x:=1;  
    y:='a';  
end
```

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or

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    y:char;  
begin  
    x:=1;  
    y:='a';  
end
```

but not

```
var x:integer; y:  
char; begin x:=1;  
y:='a'; end
```

Even Simpler

Given the stream of characters

```
| f(a, b, c, d) + g(a, b, c, d)
```

For line width of **20**, we might want

```
| f(a, b, c, d) +  
|   g(a, b, c, d)
```

or

```
| f(a, b, c, d)  
|   + g(a, b, c, d)
```

but not

```
| f(a, b, c, d) + g(a,  
|                                     b,  
|                                     c,  
|                                     d)
```

General idea

- Add grouping characters { and } to the stream.
- Break lines at spaces according to the groups.
- Look ahead to check if the group fits on a single line.

$\{\{f(a, b, c, d)\} + \{g(a, b, c, d)\}\}$

- **Complicated description!**

Pretty-printing boxes

- Extensions to the ideas of Oppen
- Used in OCaml
- Adds to the stream
 - possible-line-break symbol
 - horizontal box delimiters
 - vertical box delimiters (+indentation)
 - horizontal-vertical box delimiters (+indentation)

Pretty-printing boxes (cont.)

- horizontal box
 - possible-line-break \rightarrow spaces
- vertical box
 - possible-line-break \rightarrow newline+indentation
- horizontal-vertical box

$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{horizontal box,} & \text{if it fits on a single line} \\ \text{vertical box} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right.$

Pretty-printing boxes (cont.)

- Pro:
 - optimal – does not miss line breaks to avoid overflow
 - bounded – makes the choice after w characters
 - worst case: $O(nw)$ time, and $O(w)$ space
- Con:

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 - ???

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 - ???
 - imperative implementation
 - not as simple as it might be

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- Con:
 - ???
 - imperative implementation
 - not as simple as it might be

We need a haskell-y implementation!

Pretty printing ver. 0 – using strings

Example: arithmetic expressions

```
data Expr = Num Int | Add Expr Expr
```

```
showExpr (Num x)      = show x
showExpr (Add e1 e2)  = showExpr e1 ++
                        "+"      ++
                        showExpr e2
```

Pretty printing ver. 0 – using strings

Example: arithmetic expressions

```
data Expr = Num Int | Add Expr Expr
```

```
showExpr (Num x)      = show x
showExpr (Add e1 e2)  = showExpr e1 ++
                       "+" ++
                       showExpr e2
```

NB!

- Very inefficient
- Hard to create different layouts

Pretty printing ver. 1

Abstract interface

```
nil      :: Doc
text    :: String -> Doc
(<>)     :: Doc -> Doc -> Doc
pretty  :: Doc -> String
```

Pretty printing ver. 1

Abstract interface

```
nil      :: Doc
text    :: String -> Doc
(<>)     :: Doc -> Doc -> Doc
pretty  :: Doc -> String
```

Example

```
showExpr = pretty . showE
  where   showE (Num x)      = text (show x)
           showE (Add e1 e2) = showE e1 <>
                               text "+" <>
                               showE e2
```


Pretty printing ver. 1 — implementation

Representation of documents

```
data Doc = Nil
         | Text String
         | Doc :<> Doc
```

Pretty printing ver. 1 — implementation

Representation of documents

```
data Doc = Nil
         | Text String
         | Doc :<> Doc
```

Construction of documents

```
nil    = Nil
text   = Text
(<>)   = (:<>)
```

Pretty printing ver. 1 — implementation

Printing documents

```
pretty d = convert [d]
```

```
convert []           = ""  
convert (Nil : ds)   = convert ds  
convert (Text s : ds) = s ++ convert ds  
convert (d1 :<> d2 : ds) = convert (d1:d2:ds)
```

Pretty printing ver. 2 — nesting and layouts

Abstract interface

```
line  :: Doc
nest  :: Int -> Doc -> Doc
```

Pretty printing ver. 2 — nesting and layouts

Abstract interface

```
line  :: Doc
nest  :: Int -> Doc -> Doc
```

Example

```
data Tree = Node String [Tree]

tree = Node "aa" [ Node "b" [ Node "c" [] ],
                  Node "dd" [],
                  Node "e" [ Node "f" [] ] ]
```

Pretty printing ver. 2 — nesting and layouts

Example

```
ppTree (Node s ts) = text s <>
                    nest (length s) (ppBracket ts)
  where ppBracket []    = nil
        ppBracket ts   = text "[" <>
                        nest 1 (ppTrees ts) <>
                        text "]"
        ppTrees [t]    = ppTree t
        ppTrees (t:ts) = ppTree t <> text "," <>
                        line <> ppTrees ts
```

```
Main> putStr . pretty . ppTree $ tree
aa[b[c],
   dd,
   e[f]]
```

Pretty printing ver. 2 — nesting and layouts

Example

```
ppTree (Node s ts) = text s <> ppBracket ts
  where ppBracket [] = nil
        ppBracket ts = text "[" <>
                        nest 2 (line <> ppTrees ts) <>
                        line <> text "]"
```

```
Main> putStr . pretty . ppTree $ tree
```

```
aa[
  b[
    c
  ],
  dd,
  e[
    f
  ]
]
```

Pretty printing ver. 2 — implementation

Representation of documents

```
data Doc = ...  
        | Line  
        | Nest Int Doc
```


Pretty printing ver. 2 — implementation

Representation of documents

```
data Doc = ...
         | Line
         | Nest Int Doc
```

Construction of documents

```
line = Line
nest = Nest
```

Pretty printing ver. 2 — implementation

Printing documents

```
pretty d = convert [(d, 0)]
```

```
convert [] = ""
convert ((Nil, i) : ds) = convert ds
convert ((Text s, i) : ds) = s ++ convert ds
convert ((d1 :<> d2, i) : ds) = convert ((d1, i) : (d2, i) : ds)
convert ((Line, i) : ds) = "\n" ++ copy i ' '
                                ++ convert ds
convert ((Nest n d, i) : ds) = convert ((d, n+i) : ds)
```

Pretty printing ver. 3 — alternative layouts

Abstract interface

```
group    :: Doc -> Doc  
pretty  :: Int -> Doc -> String
```

Pretty printing ver. 3 — alternative layouts

Abstract interface

```
group    :: Doc -> Doc
pretty   :: Int -> Doc -> String
```

Example

```
ppTree (Node s ts) =
  group (text s <> nest (length s) (ppBracket ts))
```

```
Main> putStr . pretty 10 . ppTree $ tree
aa[b[c],
   dd,
   e[f]]
```

```
Main> putStr . pretty 20 . ppTree $ tree
aa[b[c], dd, e[f]]
```

Pretty printing ver. 3 — implementation

Representation of documents

```
data Doc = ...
         | Doc :<|> Doc
```

Pretty printing ver. 3 — implementation

Representation of documents

```
data Doc = ...
         | Doc :<|> Doc
```

Construction of documents

```
group x = flatten x :<|> x
```

```
flatten Nil           = Nil
flatten (Text s)      = Text s
flatten (d1 :<> d2)    = flatten d1 :<> flatten d2
flatten Line          = Text " "
flatten (Nest i d)     = Nest i (flatten d)
flatten (d1 :<|> d2)   = flatten d1
```

Pretty printing ver. 3 — implementation

Printing documents

```

pretty w d = convert w 0 [(d,0)]

convert w c [] = ""
convert w c ((Nil,i) : ds) = convert w c ds
convert w c ((Text s,i) : ds)
    = s ++ convert w (c + length s) ds
convert w c ((d1 :<> d2,i) : ds)
    = convert w c ((d1,i):(d2,i):ds)
convert w c ((Line,i) : ds)
    = "\n" ++ copy i ' ' ++ convert w i ds
convert w c ((Nest n d,i) : ds)
    = convert w c ((d,n+i):ds)
  
```

Pretty printing ver. 3 — implementation

Printing documents (cont.)

```
convert w c ((d1 :<|> d2, i) : ds)
      = better w c (convert w c ((d1, i) : ds))
                (convert w c ((d2, i) : ds))
```


Pretty printing ver. 3 — implementation

Printing documents (cont.)

```
convert w c ((d1 :<|> d2, i) : ds)
    = better w c (convert w c ((d1, i) : ds))
              (convert w c ((d2, i) : ds))
```

Choosing the best layout

```
better w c s1 s2 = if fits (w-c) s1 then s1 else s2
fits w xs      = w >= 0 &&
    (null xs    || head xs == '\n'
     || fits (w-1) (tail xs))
```

Pretty printing ver. 4 — extensions

Forcing newlines

```
data Doc = ...
         | ForceLine
```

```
forceline = ForceLine
```

```
flatten ForceLine = Text (replicate maxBound ' ')
```

```
convert w c ((ForceLine, i) : ds) =
  convert w c ((Line, i) : ds)
```

Conclusion

- Good design
- Reasonably fast for small code snippets
- Still, does not scale very well.
 - Remove groups and sacrifice optimality?