# Web Service Composition Software with the Visual User Interface

 $(Visuaalse\ kasutajaliidesega\ veebiteenuste\ kompositsioonitarkvara)$ 

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### Outline

#### Introduction

Web services Service composition

### Higher order workflows (HOWF)

HOWF and representation in logic Proof of solution

#### $Service\ composition\ in\ CoCoViLa$

CoCoViLa Composition steps

### Example

X-road data exchange layer X-road service model X-road service model in CoCoViLa

#### Web services

Web service is software component that accessible over the Web.



Web service description includes:

- name, description, inputs and outputs
- location
- invocation information

Service description languages: WSDL, WSDL-S, SA-WSDL, WSMO, OWL-S,  $\dots$ 

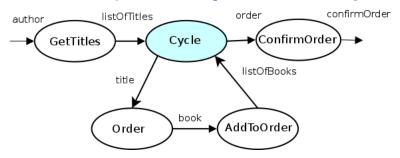
# Web service composition

- ▶ Web service composition is the task of combining and linking existing Web services to create new Web processes in order to add value to the collection of services.
- Web service composition can include services from several different computers.
- Composition constructions can be sequences, cycles, conditions etc.
- Composition languages: WS-BPEL, WSMO, OWL-S, XLANG, WSFL, BPML, WSCI, ...

#### **Problems**

- Expressing the meaning of composed service is complicated from the user's perspective (Petri nets, state-machines),
- Restricted visualisation possibilities (Protégé OWL-S editor, OWL-S IDE, Eclipse BPEL designer etc),
- ► Automatic composition needs precise semantics.

# Higher order workflows and representation in logic



```
author ⊃ listOfTitles: GetTitles (T1)

order ⊃ confirmOrder: ConfirmOrder (T2)

title ⊃ book: Order (T3)

book ⊃ listOfBooks: AddToOrder (T4)

listOfTitles ∧ (title ⊃ listOfBooks) ⊃ order: Cycle (T5)
```

author  $\supset$  confirmOrder

# Proof of solution

#### Formulae:

```
author \supset listOfTitles: GetTitles (T1) Rules:

order \supset confirmOrder: ConfirmOrder (T2) \frac{A \supset B \land C : f \quad B \land D \supset G : g}{A \land D \supset C \land G \land B : f; g} (1)

book \supset listOfBooks: AddToOrder (T4) \frac{(A \supset B) \land X \supset Z : f \quad A \land W \supset B : g}{X \lor W \supset Z : f(g)} (2)
```

#### author $\supset$ confirmOrder

#### Proof:

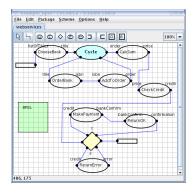
```
 \begin{array}{c|c} T3 & book \supset listOfBooks : AddToOrder \\ \hline title \supset listOfBooks : Order; AddToOrder \\ \hline listOfTitles \supset order : Cycle(Order; AddToOrder) \end{array} \begin{array}{c} T5 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} (2) \\ \hline \end{array}
```

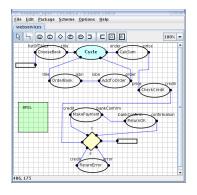
T1 listOfTitles \( \) confirmOrder: Cycle(Order; AddToOrder); ConfirmOrder

author ⊃ confirmOrder : GetTitles; Cycle(Order; AddToOrder); ConfirmOrder

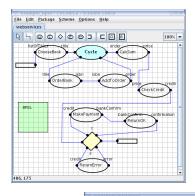
## Service composition in CoCoViLa

- CoCoViLa provides a framework for developing visual specification languages.
- Includes algorithm synthesis based on Structural Synthesis of Programs.
- Composition steps:
  - Specification
  - Problem description in logic and formulation of the goal
  - Proof of solvability of the problem
  - Java program



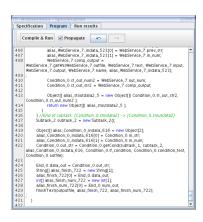


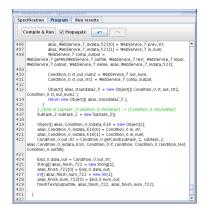
```
WebServices - Specification
 Specification | Program | Run results
    Compute goal Compute all
  1 public class WebServices extends BPEL (
       /*@ specification WebServices super BPEL (
       Start Start 0:
       WebService WebService 4:
          WebService_4.name = "OrderBook";
          WebService 4.input - "title":
          WebService 4.output = "isbn"
          WebService 4.partner = "Client":
       WebService WebService 5:
          WebService 5.name = "AddToOrder":
          WebService_5.input = "isbn":
          WebService.5.output = "order":
          WebService_5.partner = "Client":
       Fnd Fnd O:
       WebService WebService_6;
          WebService_6.name = "MakePayment";
          WebService_6.input = "credit";
          WebService_6.output = "bankConfirm";
          WebService_6.partner = "Bank";
       WebService WebService_7;
          WebService_7.name = "ReturnError";
          WebService_7.input = "credit";
          WebService_7.output = "error";
          WebService_7.partner = "Bank";
       Cycle Cycle_2;
          Cycle_2.cycle_condition = "true":
       WebService WebService_8;
          WebService_8.name = "ChooseBook";
          WebService 8.input = "listOfTitles":
          WebService 8.output = "title":
          WebService 8.partner = "Client":
```



```
Specification Program Run results
  Compute goal | Compute all
1 public class WebServices extends BPEL (
     ### specification, WebSenvices super RPEL (
     Start Start 0:
     WebService WebService_4;
        WebService_4.name = "OrderBook";
        WebService 4.input - "title":
        WebService 4.output = "isbn"
        WebService 4.partner = "Client":
     WebService WebService 5:
        WebService 5.name = "AddToOrder":
        WebService_5.input = "isbn":
        WebService.5.output = "order":
        WebService_5.partner = "Client":
     End End O:
     WebService WebService_6;
        WebService 6 name = "MakePayment":
        WebService_6.input = "credit";
        WebService_6.output = "bankConfirm";
        WebService_6.partner = "Bank";
     WebService WebService_7;
        WebService_7.name = "ReturnError";
        WebService_7.input = "credit";
        WebService_7.output = "error"
        WebService_7.partner = "Bank";
     Cycle Cycle_2;
        Cycle_2.cycle_condition = "true";
     WebService WebService_8;
        WebService_8.name = "ChooseBook";
        WebService 8.input = "listOfTitles":
        WebService 8.output = "title"
        WebService 8.partner = "Client":
```

```
WebServices
spec : alias (int) finish num = (* num out)
Cycle_2: [st_indata -> st_outdata], cycle_condition, cycle_indata, cycle_text, outfile, prev_output -> cycle_outdata_str (getCycle)
              |Subtask |st indata -> st outdata|
              spec : WebService 4.indata = Cycle 2.st indata
               WebService 4: alias indata = (prev str. in num)
               WebService 4 : out num = in num + 1
               WebService 4 : outfile, text, input, output, name, indata -> comp output (getWs)
              spec : WebService_5.indata = WebService_4.outdata
              WebService_4: alias outdata = (comp_output, out_num)
              spec : WebService_5.indata = WebService_4.outdata
               WebService 5 : out num = in num + 1
               WebService_5 : alias indata = (prev_str, in_num)
              WebService_5 : prev_output = prev_str
              spec : Cycle_2.st_outdata = WebService_5.outdata
               WebService_5 : outfile, text, input, output, name, indata -> comp_output (getWs)
              WebService_5 : alias outdata = (comp_output, out_num)
              spec : Cycle_2.st_outdata = WebService_5.outdata
              Cycle 2: alias st outdata = (st outdata str. st outdata num)
              Cycle_2 : prev_stoutput = st_outdata_str
 end of: Cycle_2 : [st_indata -> st_outdata], cycle_condition, cycle_indata, cycle_text, outfile, prev_output -> cycle_outdata_str {getCycle}
```



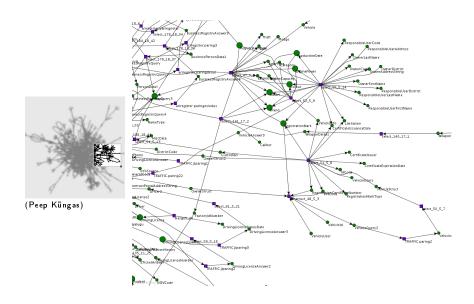


```
File Edit Search Options Help
-variable name- order /-
<variable name="price"/>
<variable name="bankConfirm"/>
<variable name="confirmation"/>
</variables>
<partnerLinks>
<partnerLink name="Bank"/>
<partnerLink name="Client"/>
</partnerLinks>
<sequence>
<invoke name="ChooseBook" inputVariable="listOfTitles</pre>
<repeatUntil name="RepeatUntil">
<sequence name="Sequence">
<invoke name="OrderBook" inputVariable="title" output</pre>
<invoke name="AddToOrder" inputVariable="isbn" outpu</pre>
</sequence>
<condition expressionLanguage="languageURI">true</con</p>
</repeatUntil>
<invoke name="CalcSum" inputVariable="order" outputV</pre>
<invoke name="CheckCredit" inputVariable="price" out;</pre>
<if>
<condition>true</condition>
<invoke name="MakePayment" inputVariable="credit" ou</pre>
<invoke name="ReturnOK" inputVariable="bankConfirm"</pre>
<01505
<invoke name="ReturnFrror" inputVariable="credit"</pre>
</6156>
```

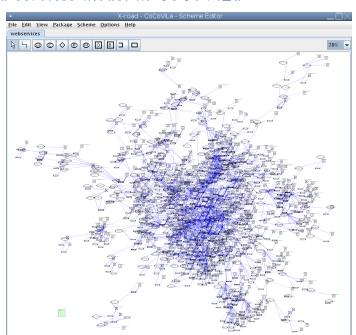
# X-road data exchange layer

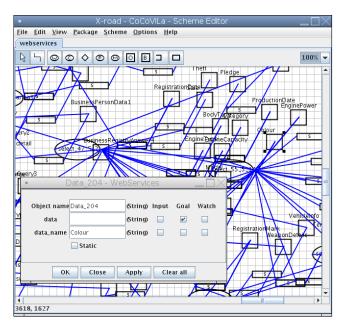
- X-road enables secure access to nearly all Estonian national databases.
- Hundreds of services provided by information systems of different institutions work over the X-Road on the 24/7 basis.
- ➤ All Estonian residents with the national ID card or a contract for the use of Internet banking codes can make use of its enquiry services targeted at citizens.
- Officials as well as legal and natural persons are allowed to search data from national databases over the Internet within the limits of their authority.

## X-road model

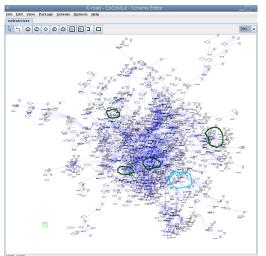


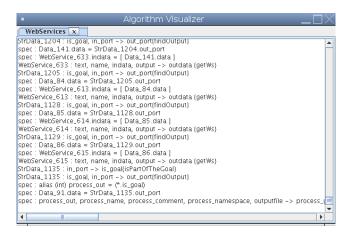
## X-Road services model in CoCoViLa



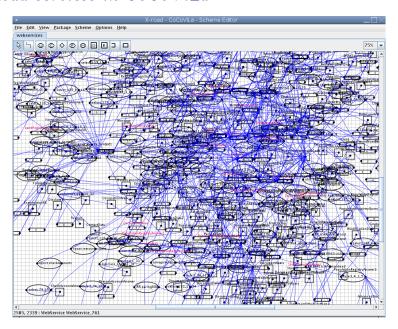


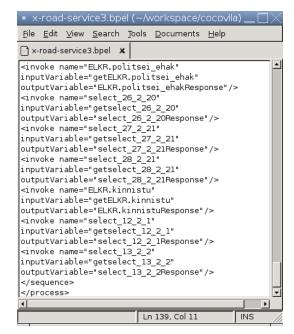
 $\label{lem:continuous} Graduation Certificate-> $$ Real Estate Type, Registration Mark, Colour, Estonian Address String, \\ Occupation Area$ 





Finding the solution takes about one second.





#### Conclusions

#### The proposed method:

- allows to design composition visually,
- ▶ is suitable for large service models,
- can be used for automatic composition,
- allows to generate different process languages.

Thank you for listening!
Questions?